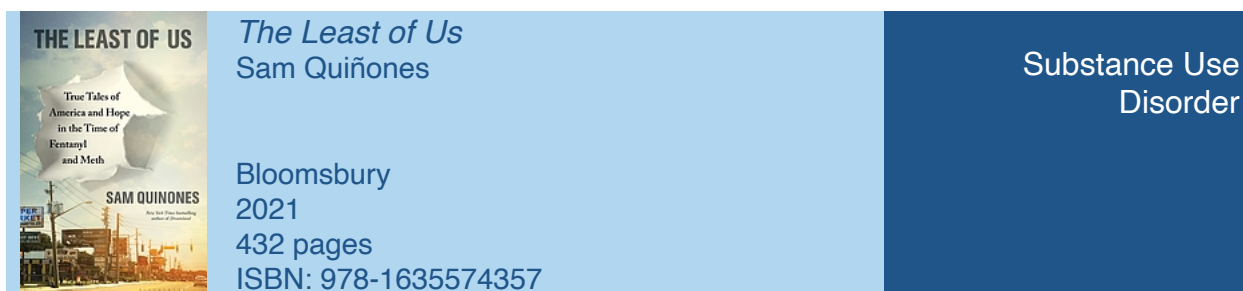


## Discussion Guide



### Summary

Weaving analysis of the drug trade into stories of humble communities, from the New York Times bestselling author of *Dreamland*, a searing follow-up that explores the terrifying next stages of the opioid epidemic and the quiet yet ardent stories of community repair.

### Questions

1. Think about the title, *The Least of Us*. Who do you think Quiñones referring to in the title?
2. Humans have known that opium acts as an effective but highly addictive painkiller for millennia. What's new about the opioid crisis in America?
3. How are the new opiates being made? Why is this a cause for concern?
4. What is fentanyl? Why is it dangerous?
5. Why is the opioid crisis called a silent epidemic? What contributes to the silence?
6. What is the danger of mixing fentanyl with other addictive substances?
7. What is the significance of Quiñones talking about Janssen's listing all the theoretical compounds that could come from fentanyl?
8. Recount one or two personal stories of drug addiction in the book. What was Quiñones' reason for including so many personal narratives in the book?
9. Recount one or two stories of towns coming together to find a solution to the opioid crisis. What did they do differently? Who did they rely on? What do these stories say about our ability to solve America's opiate epidemic?
10. How is the Sackler family involved with the opioid crisis?
11. What is McKinsey? How is it connected to the opiate epidemic? Discuss how consulting firms fit into Quiñones' description of America as a place where drug traffickers act like multinational companies, and multinational companies act like drug traffickers.
12. What is P2P methamphetamine? How is it different from the meth that came before? How is it different from fentanyl? Why is it dangerous?
13. A lot of the stories are set in small-town America, where industry has declined. Talk about how this decline and economic depression can affect how people react to large amounts of opiates flooding the market.
14. What are some solutions to the opioid epidemic in America, based on what Quiñones has presented in the book? Do you agree with these solutions?
15. What are drug courts? How can they be helpful?
16. What can this book teach us about caring for persons with drug addictions or people experiencing homelessness.